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# **Psyllium**

Revised: May 17, 2021.

CASRN: 8063-16-9

# **Drug Levels and Effects**

### **Summary of Use during Lactation**

Few data are available on psyllium use during breastfeeding. However, the drug is not absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract, so it cannot enter the breastmilk. Psyllium is acceptable to use during breastfeeding.[1,2]

### **Drug Levels**

Maternal Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Infant Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

#### **Effects in Breastfed Infants**

Twenty postpartum mothers were given a laxative containing 2.7 grams of plantango (psyllium) and senna equivalent to 15 mg of sennosides a and b daily on days 2 to 4 postpartum. Of the 11 infants who were breastfed (extent not stated), none had any loose stools.[3]

### **Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk**

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

### **Alternate Drugs to Consider**

(Constipation) Bisacodyl, Docusate, Magnesium Hydroxide, Sodium Phosphate; (Irritable Bowel Syndrome) Linaclotide, Lubiprostone, Plecanatide, Prucalopride, Tenapanor

#### References

1. Lewis JH, Weingold AB; Committee of FDA-Related Matters American College of Gastroenterology. The use of gastrointestinal drugs during pregnancy and lactation. Am J Gastroenterol. 1985;80:912–23. PubMed PMID: 2864852.

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- 2. Hagemann TM. Gastrointestinal medications and breastfeeding. J Hum Lact. 1998;14:259–62. PubMed PMID: 10205441.
- 3. Faber P, Strenge-Hesse A. Relevance of rhein excretion into breast milk. Pharmacology. 1988;36 Suppl 1:212–20. PubMed PMID: 3368521.

# **Substance Identification**

# **Substance Name**

Psyllium

# **CAS Registry Number**

8063-16-9

# **Drug Class**

**Breast Feeding** 

Lactation

Gastrointestinal Agents

Laxatives