

U.S. National Library of Medicine National Center for Biotechnology Information **NLM Citation:** Drugs and Lactation Database (LactMed®) [Internet]. Bethesda (MD): National Institute of Child Health and Human Development; 2006-. d-Xylose C14. [Updated 2020 Aug 17]. **Bookshelf URL:** https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/



d-Xylose C14

Revised: August 17, 2020.

Drug Levels and Effects

Summary of Use during Lactation

Information in this record refers to the use of d-xylose C 14 as a diagnostic agent. Breastfeeding does not need to be suspended after administration of d-xylose C 14.

Drug Levels

Carbon 14 is a low-energy beta emitter with a physical half-life of about 5730 years.

Effects in Breastfed Infants

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Substance Identification

Substance Name

d-Xylose C14

Drug Class

Breast Feeding

Lactation

Radiopharmaceuticals

Carbon Radioisotopes

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